

# Robust Optimization under multi-band uncertainty

## Classical Optimization

$$\begin{aligned} \max \sum_{j \in J} c_j x_j & \quad (\text{NOMINAL PROBLEM}) \\ \sum_{j \in J} a_{ij} x_j \leq b_i & \quad \forall i \in I \\ x_j \geq 0 & \quad \forall j \in J \\ x_j \in \mathbb{Z}_+ & \quad \forall j \in J_{\mathbb{Z}} \subseteq J \end{aligned}$$

### Theoretical

**assumption:** all the coefficients  $a_{ij}$  are known exactly.

However, many real problems involve **uncertain** coefficients.

### Consequences of neglecting uncertainty:

- ✚ optimal solutions may heavily lose in quality;
- ✚ feasible solutions may become infeasible.

## Robust Optimization

Inclusion of coefficient uncertainty in the problem through stricter constraints that protect against coefficient deviations.

$$\begin{aligned} \max \sum_{j \in J} c_j x_j & \quad \left[ \text{ROBUST COUNTERPART} \right. \\ & \quad \left. \text{general form} \right] \\ \sum_{j \in J} \bar{a}_{ij} x_j + DEV(x, D) \leq b_i & \quad \forall i \in I \\ x_j \geq 0 & \quad \forall j \in J \\ x_j \in \mathbb{Z}_+ & \quad \forall j \in J_{\mathbb{Z}} \subseteq J \end{aligned}$$

- ✚  $\bar{a}_{ij}$  = known nominal value of the uncertain coefficient  $a_{ij}$
- ✚  $DEV(x, D)$  = worst deviation allowed by the uncertainty set  $D$  for a solution  $x$

## Single-band uncertainty

The classical uncertainty model by Bertsimas and Sim (2004).

### Main assumptions:

- ✚ single symmetric deviation band  $a_{ij} \in [\bar{a}_{ij} - d_{ij}^{\max}, \bar{a}_{ij} + d_{ij}^{\max}]$
- ✚ upper bound on the number of coefficients deviating from the nominal value in each constraint (i.e.,  $a_{ij} \neq \bar{a}_{ij}$ )

### Strongpoint:

- ✚ linear and compact Robust Counterpart;

### Drawback:

- ✚ the behaviour of uncertainty inside the band is completely neglected

➔ POOR MODELING OF ARBITRARY NON-SYMMETRIC DEVIATION BEHAVIOUR (common case in real problems)

## Multi-band uncertainty

Generalization of the Bertsimas-Sim model that breaks the single deviation band into multiple bands.

### Main assumptions:

- ✚ multiple non-symmetric deviation bands  $d_{ij}^k \in (d_{ij}^{k-1}, d_{ij}^k]$ ;
- ✚ lower and upper bounds on the number of coefficients deviating from the nominal value in each constraint.

### Strongpoints:

- ✚ linear and compact Robust Counterpart;
- ✚ efficient separation of cuts imposing robustness (based on solving a min-cost flow problem);
- ✚ high modeling power of arbitrary deviation distributions (in particular deviation histograms built on historical data).

## Project ROBUKOM

All the proposed developments about multi-band uncertainty are produced within ROBUKOM, a research project that aims for developing new models and algorithms for the design of robust telecommunication networks. The Project Partners of ZIB in ROBUKOM are:



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## Essential references

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