Advanced Computational Econometrics Chapter 1: K-nearest neighbor regression, bias-variance decomposition

1 Linear and K-NN regression

The MASS library contains the Boston data set, which records medv (median house value) for 506 neighborhoods around Boston. We will seek to predict medv using 13 predictors such as rm (average number of rooms per house), age (average age of houses), and lstat (percent of households with low socioeconomic status).

- 1. Display the data using scatter plots (function plot) and boxplots (function boxplot). Which variables seem to explain the response variable medv?
- 2. Split the data into a learning set and a test set.
- 3. Predict medv for the test data from the 13 predictors using linear regression. Compute the MSE.
- 4. Predict medv for the test data from the 13 predictors using K-NN regression with different values of K. (Use function knn.reg in package FNN and bormalize the input data using function scale). Compute the MSE.
- 5. Represent graphically the test mean-squared error as a function of K. Which value of K seems to be optimal?

2 Bias variance trade-off

We consider the following model:

$$Y = 1 + 5X^2 + \varepsilon \tag{1}$$

where $X \sim \mathcal{U}([0,1])$ and $\epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(0,\sigma^2)$ with $\sigma = 0.5$. Let $\hat{f}_k(x)$ be the estimate of the regression function $f(x) = 1 + 5x^2$ obtained by computing

the average of the y_i 's for the K nearest neighbors of x. We recall the bias-variance decomposition formula:

$$\mathbb{E}\left[(\widehat{f}_k(x) - Y)^2 \mid X = x\right] = \operatorname{Var}\left(\widehat{f}_k(x)\right) + \left(\mathbb{E}[\widehat{f}_k(x)] - f(x)\right)^2 + \operatorname{Var}(\varepsilon \mid X = x). \quad (2)$$

- 1. Explain the different terms of this formula and prove it.
- 2. Check formula (2) by simulation, by randomly generating learning sets of size n = 50. For some value of x, plot the different terms of the formula as functions of K, for K ranging from 1 to 40. What do you observe? Repeat the experiment for different values of n and comment the results.